

CORONAVIRUS DISEASE 2019 ("COVID-19") GUIDANCE FOR COUNTY EMPLOYEES FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS APPLICABLE UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE SUBJECT TO UPDATE AND EXTENSION-Version 13

The County values its employees and understands that the COVID-19 crisis may be creating a difficult and stressful situation for employees' work and personal lives. The County is committed to providing employees with as much information as possible to help navigate a variety of uncertainties, and has developed guidelines, procedures and responses to frequently asked questions below.

If questions arise that are not answered below, please contact your Department Human Resources Manager (HR). Given the fluidity of the situation, the procedures described below are subject to change. This guidance will be updated as additional information becomes available.

Please note that the County is following State and Federal guidelines to promote a safe workplace during the COVID-19 crisis. Just as we are committed to our employees, as a local government, we are also committed to providing critical health and safety services to Orange County's citizens.

Information distributed to employees will be maintained at the COVID-19 Employee Information Site at: http://www.ocgov.com/gov/ceo/covid19employeeinfo for future reference. In addition, an email address has been established for employee questions (CEOCOM@ocgov.com). Responses to the questions will be provided to all County employees and may be incorporated into future updates of this document.

These Frequently Asked Questions are to provide information regarding the County's response to COVID-19 for employees. The COVID-19 pandemic continues to evolve and laws, regulations, and policies regarding COVID-19 continue to be created, change and/or revised. The guidance contained in these FAQs does not supersede any conflicting or more restrictive orders issued by local governments, the State of California, or the Federal Government.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTION TOPICS

I. Medical Information and Questions	4
II. Safety Measures and Facility Planning Questions	10
III. Workers' Compensation Questions	14
IV. Time Sheet Coding and Leave Usage Questions	15
V. Disaster Services Worker Questions	20
VI. Telecommuting Resources/Learning & Organizational Development	
Questions	24
VII. Benefits Questions	25
VIII. Vaccination Questions	26
IX. Additional Resources	29

New/Updated Questions (Links)

I. Medical Information and Questions

- 3. What should an employee do if they test positive for COVID-19?
- 10. If there is a confirmed or likely case of COVID-19 in the workplace, will all potentially exposed employees automatically be sent home? (updated 4/27/22)
- 11. When should an employee with COVID-19, or symptoms consistent with it, be allowed to return to work? (updated 4/27/22)
- 15. What if an employee refuses to come to work because of a generalized fear of infection? (updated 4/27/22)
- 20. If I am notified by EHS that I have been possibly exposed to COVID-19 in the workplace, will the County provide me the opportunity to receive a COVID-19 test? (4/27/22)
- 23. As a County employee, what options do I have for getting a COVID-19 PCR or Rapid Antigen test? (4/27/22)

II. Safety Measures and Facility Planning Questions

- 5. Are masks and Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) necessary at work? (updated 4/27/22)
- 8. I have been told that there is an "outbreak" in my work location. What does this mean? (updated 4/27/22)

IV. Time Sheet Coding and Leave Usage Questions

- 3. If an employee must be absent from work due to a COVID-19 related issue (e.g. school closure, illness, suspected illness, etc.), how do they code the time on their timesheet? (updated 4/27/22)
- 6. What if my child's school is conducting some or all of the school week remotely or childcare provider is fully or partially closed? (updated 4/27/22)

VII. Benefits Questions

3. How can I make changes to my Dependent Care Reimbursement Account (DCRA) because my

DCRA needs have changed due to COVID-19 school and daycare closures? (updated 4/27/22)

I. Medical Information and Questions

1. What is COVID-19?

COVID-19 is an infectious disease that can be spread through the air when an infectious person talks or vocalizes, sneezes, coughs, or exhales. COVID-19 may also possibly be transmitted when a person touches a contaminated object and then touches their eyes, nose, or mouth, although that is less common.

The County's Risk Management Department has created "Aerosol Transmissible Diseases and COVID-19 General Awareness Training" which can be found at the following link:

https://rise.articulate.com/share/nlZn7kkAr-HQRKIuXVqy8DHNDdirGUuV

2. What does the Health Officer's Order mean for County employees? (updated 7/5/21)

All County employees are required to follow the Health Officer's Orders. The Orders are revised at times and may change the requirements for all County employees to follow.

The Orders can be found here: https://occovid19.ochealthinfo.com/article/oc-health-officers-orders-recommendations

If new Health Orders are issued that conflict with medical information provided in the Guidance for County Employees - Frequently Asked Questions document, the Health Orders shall supersede the FAQs.

3. What should an employee do if they test positive for COVID-19?

Whatever the circumstance, employees are to contact Employee Health at (714) 565-3780 immediately to report a diagnosis of COVID-19 and to notify their supervisor or manager of the need to be off work.

4. If an employee is concerned that they may have symptoms consistent with COVID-19, what should they do? (updated 12/29/20)

Employees should self-screen daily prior to coming to work for elevated temperature and/or any of the symptoms associated with COVID-19 which include: fever of 100.4 degrees Fahrenheit or higher, chills, cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, fatigue, muscle or body aches, headache, new loss of taste or smell, sore throat, congestion or runny nose, nausea or vomiting, or diarrhea. If an employee is experiencing symptoms of COVID-19, the employee should stay home and follow normal call-out procedures, regardless of vaccination status.

If an employee begins to feel sick while at work, they should contact a supervisor about the possible need to go home as they would with any other illness. Employees should contact their primary care provider regarding their symptoms. Employees are to contact Employee Health at (714) 565-3780 to report a diagnosis of COVID-19 and to notify their supervisor or manager of the need to be off work.

5. During a pandemic, how much information may a supervisor or manager request from employees who display or report symptoms? (updated 4/20/20)

Because a pandemic has been declared, employers may ask employees if they are experiencing symptoms such as coughing, fever, or shortness of breath. Employers must treat all information about employee illness as confidential. In general, supervisors and managers are advised not to ask

employees if they have COVID-19, although an employee may volunteer it. If there are specific concerns that an employee has a diagnosis of COVID-19 and has not disclosed it, the Department HR team should be contacted. Contact information for your Department HR Team can be found here:

6. If an employee has symptoms consistent with COVID-19, can management ask the employee to leave work? (Updated 12/29/20)

Yes. If an employee is displaying symptoms consistent with COVID-19, they may be asked to leave work.

Employers must provide employees with a workplace that is safe and free from recognized hazards. Employees must be provided with the ability to report symptoms to management without fear of reprisal. Employers should require an employee to leave work if the employee displays or discloses symptoms consistent with COVID-19 or other illness. According to the Center for Disease Control (CDC), symptoms include: fever of 100.4 degrees Fahrenheit or higher, chills, cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, fatigue, muscle or body aches, headache, new loss of taste or smell, sore throat, congestion or runny nose, nausea or vomiting, or diarrhea. To confirm which symptoms require an employee to leave work, contact Employee Health Services at (714) 565-3780.

Importantly, managers and supervisors must be consistent in their approach and apply objective criteria to their decision when sending employees home. In other words, departments should take care not to make decisions that are or appear discriminatory based on illegitimate or non-relevant considerations.

7. If an employee has COVID-19, can they be <u>required</u> to leave work?

Yes. If an employee has a medical diagnosis of COVID-19, the employee must be required to leave the workplace. Considering the health risks posed by COVID-19, permitting an employee with the virus to be at work could threaten the health and safety of other employees.

In addition, if an employee is required to leave work, Department HR should be contacted to ensure the employee is afforded their due process rights where applicable. Contact information for your Department HR Team can be found here:

8. If an employee believes a coworker is displaying symptoms consistent with COVID-19, what should they do? (updated 8/24/20)

The employee should notify a supervisor or manager so the situation can be assessed by Human Resources (HR). If an employee is displaying symptoms consistent with COVID-19, they may be asked to leave work.

9. If there is a confirmed or likely case of COVID-19 in the workplace, will employees who have had direct contact be notified? (updated 12/29/20)

Yes. Department HR teams and County supervisors/management are to notify Employee Health Services (EHS) of any reported employee cases of COVID-19. EHS will work with the supervisor or manager to identify employees who had close contact (within 6 feet for a cumulative total of 15 minutes or more over a 24 hour period, starting 2 days before illness onset; or for asymptomatic patients, 2 days prior to test specimen collection) with a diagnosed COVID-19 positive individual in the workplace. Employees who were in close contact with a reported case of COVID-19 will be notified by EHS within 24 hours and provided directions to follow, including instructions for obtaining a COVID-19 test. Some employees may be ordered to self-quarantine or isolate by EHS. Employee medical information is confidential, so the identity of the reported or likely COVID-19 diagnosed employee will only be disclosed on a need-to-know basis.

10. If there is a confirmed or likely case of COVID-19 in the workplace, will all potentially exposed employees automatically be sent home? (updated 4/27/22)

No. employees will be notified by Employee Health Services if they were exposed to COVID-19 and provided instructions to follow based on their vaccination status and symptoms.

https://www.dir.ca.gov/title8/3205.html

11. When should an employee with COVID-19, or symptoms consistent with it, be allowed to return to work? (updated 4/27/22)

The County Public Health Officer's Orders provides guidance on when an employee would be required to quarantine or isolate if they have tested positive or are experiencing COVID-19 symptoms. The current Health Orders can be found here https://occovid19.ochealthinfo.com/article/oc-health-officers-orders-recommendations

Employees are recommended to consult with their medical provider to determine when it is safe to return to work. If the employee has taken leave under the Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA)/California Family Rights Act (CFRA) due to COVID-19, consult with Department HR team about the necessary medical clearances to return to work. Contact information for your Department HR Team can be found here:

12. When can an employee who did not display symptoms of COVID-19, but was compelled to leave work due to risk of exposure, be allowed to return? (updated 4/27/22)

EHS will provide notice to employees compelled to leave work due to exposure in the workplace. The County follows the County Public Health Officer's Orders regarding when it is safe for an employee to return to work.

If an employee develops COVID-19 symptoms during a quarantine period, the employee is not to return to work and follow Public Health Officer's Orders. It is also strongly recommended the employee contact his/her personal physician for further guidance on when it is safe to return to work.

For more, and any updated information, please review the OC Health Officer's Orders and Recommendations that can be found here: https://occovid19.ochealthinfo.com/article/oc-health-officers-orders-recommendations

13. What if an employee does not want to return to work because they have a compromised immune system or other medical condition potentially putting them at high risk of COVID-19 infection?

Departments should engage in the interactive process with such employees. Employees who disclose a pre-existing medical condition, including an underlying health condition or compromised immune system, may request a reasonable accommodation, such as working from home. Employers have a legal obligation to provide employees with reasonable accommodations unless doing so would create an undue hardship for the Department. Departments should consult with their Return to Work Coordinator in such a situation.

14. What if an employee is considered at high risk of COVID-19 infection because of age? (updated 7/5/21)

The County's Public Health Officer's Orders provides the following "Strong Recommendations" for "Vulnerable Populations":

In general, the older a person is, the more health conditions a person has, and the more severe the conditions, the more important it is to take preventive measures for COVID-19 such as getting vaccinated, including boosters, social distancing and wearing a mask when around people who don't live in the same household, and practicing hand hygiene. For more information see https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/need-extra-precautions/people-with-medical-conditions.html. For further, and any updated information, please review the OC Health Officer's Orders and Recommendations that can be found here: https://occovid19.ochealthinfo.com/article/oc-health-officers-orders-recommendations

15. What if an employee refuses to come to work because of a generalized fear of infection? (updated 4/27/22)

If operationally feasible, the employee may be allowed to telecommute. However, an employee can be required to attend work in the workplace, and the refusal to do so may be grounds for discipline.

16. What can you tell other employees about a coworker who has COVID-19?

Employee medical information is confidential, so the identity of the diagnosed employee should not be disclosed.

Individuals with COVID-19 or from countries of origin associated with the outbreak of COVID-19 must not be stigmatized. The County will continue to ensure that employees are not harassed or discriminated against based on a protected category. If an employee feels as though they have been harassed or discriminated against due to concerns related to COVID-19, they should speak with Human Resources or contact the EEO Access Office immediately.

17. During a pandemic, may an employer take employees' temperatures to determine whether they have a fever? (updated 12/29/20)

Generally, measuring an employee's body temperature is a medical examination that may only be performed under limited circumstances. Based on current State Department of Fair Employment and Housing guidelines, employers may measure an employee's body temperature for the limited purpose of evaluating the risk that employee's presence poses to others in the workplace as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. These measurements must be taken with a non-contact thermometer. However, Department Heads/Managers should consult with Employee Health Services prior to the implementation of any process to measure employees' body temperature.

Employees are expected to self-screen daily prior to coming to work for elevated temperature and/or any of the symptoms associated with COVID-19 which include: fever of 100.4 degrees Fahrenheit or higher, chills, cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, fatigue, muscle or body aches, headache, new loss of taste or smell, sore throat, congestion or runny nose, nausea or vomiting, or diarrhea. If an employee is experiencing symptoms of COVID-19, the employee is expected to stay home and follow normal call-out procedures.

18. My department/facility/building is requiring employees to go through a temperature screening in order to enter the facility/building. What does this mean to me? (updated 12/29/20)

A symptom associated with COVID-19 is a temperature at or above 100.4 F or higher. Employees should self-screen daily prior to coming to work for elevated temperature and/or any of the symptoms associated with COVID-19. Additionally, to reduce the spread of COVID-19 and ensure a safe and healthy workplace for employees, some County facilities/buildings are requiring employees go through temperature screening in order to enter the facility/building. Temperature readings are considered confidential information and will only be shared with individuals that have a legitimate business-related need to know the reading.

An employee who refuses to go through temperature screening may not be allowed to work and required to post their own balances to cover their absence.

If an employee has a temperature at or above 100.4 or higher, they will not be permitted to work and encouraged to talk with their medical provider to determine when it is safe to return to work. The employee will be asked to voluntarily leave work and required to post their balances to cover the absence. If the employee does not voluntarily leave and disagrees with posting balances to cover the absence, the employee will have the opportunity to appeal the decision. If you have any questions, please contact your Department HR representative for more information. Contact information for your Department HR Team can be found here:

19. Will I be paid if I am ordered to self-quarantine or isolate from Employee Health Services?

Departments are strongly encouraged to allow employees to telecommute during self-quarantine or isolation if operationally feasible. Employees will continue to be paid if telecommuting during self-quarantine or isolation.

An employee who is directed by EHS to be absent from duty due to an on-the-job exposure to a contagious disease may be eligible to receive full compensation for a period not to exceed eighty (80) working hours for a full-time employee or fourteen (14) calendar days for a part time employee. Please contact your Department HR representative for more information. Contact information for your Department HR Team can be found here:

20. If I am notified by EHS that I have been possibly exposed to COVID-19 in the workplace, will the County provide me the opportunity to receive a COVID-19 test? (4/27/22)

Yes. When you are notified by EHS that you have possibly been exposed to COVID-19 in the workplace, you will have the opportunity to be tested for COVID-19. The County regularly sends notices to employees regarding the options available to employees to take a COVID-19 test.

21. I heard that someone in my building/facility was diagnosed or likely to have COVID-19. Will I be notified? (updated 12/29/20)

To ensure compliance with AB 685, you will be informed that that someone at your worksite likely has COVID-19 or has tested positive for COVID-19 and the date. Employee Health Services has implemented contact tracing measures that include the identification of those who have been in close contact with an employee diagnosed or likely to have COVID-19 in the workplace. Close contact refers to any person who has been within 6 feet of a person diagnosed with or likely to have COVID-19 for a cumulative total of 15 minutes or more over a 24 hour period, starting 2 days before illness onset (or for asymptomatic patients, 2 days prior to test specimen collection). Departments may provide further updates to its employees about COVID-19 exposure in its buildings/facilities.

If you were not notified by EHS of possible exposure in the workplace, it is because you were not identified as being in close contact to the employee diagnosed or likely to have COVID-19. If you believe you were in close contact with an employee diagnosed or likely to have COVID-19 while at work, please contact your Department HR representative. Contact information for your Department HR Team can be found here:

There is an inherent risk of exposure to COVID-19 in any public area and/or where other people are present. Every employee is expected to follow safety measures to prevent the spread of COVID-19 while at work, including wearing a face-covering or respirator when required by state or local orders.

22. If I feel ill prior to the start of my shift should I go to work? Or, if I am at work and start to feel ill should I stay at work? (*Including symptoms consistent with COVID-19 or other illness)

No. Immediately notify your supervisor and leave work or contact your supervisor and inform him/her that you will not be attending work. Please contact your health care professional for guidance on when it is safe for you to return to work.

The County must ensure a safe and healthy workspace for all employees. If your supervisor or management observes you displaying signs of illness at work consistent with COVID-19, you will be asked to voluntarily leave work and may post your balances to cover your absence. If you refuse to leave, you may be directed to leave work by your supervisor or management and may post your balances to cover your absence.

If you disagree with posting your balances to cover your absence, you will have the opportunity to appeal the decision. If you have any questions, please contact your Department HR representative for more information. Contact information for your Department HR Team can be found here:

23. As a County employee, what options do I have for getting a COVID-19 PCR or Rapid Antigen test? (4/27/22)

Regular communications are sent to employees regarding County provided testing options. You may also schedule a test through your private healthcare provider or through a community testing site such as CVS. If you have been notified of COVID-19 exposure in the workplace, you will be provided with the opportunity to get a COVID-19 test during working hours.

As always, if you are sick, stay home and contact your medical provider. If you have been exposed to an infected individual outside of work or have symptoms consistent with COVID-19 and believe that a COVID-19 test may help reduce the spread of this disease, you may use your Emergency Paid Sick Leave (EPSL) (when available) to obtain a test. It is authorized for 1 hour of EPSL to be used in order to get a COVID-19 test. Employees should work with their supervisor to identify a time that works best based on the business need. Other testing options:

County Employee Testing Site (County Employees Only)

Employee Health (714) 565-3780

At Home Test Kit

- Order <u>AMBRY COVID-19 Home Test Kit</u> for County Employees.
- After receiving your test kit you MUST register your <u>AMBRY COVID-19 Home Test Kit PRIOR</u> to sending your specimen back to the lab for processing.
- Please have your employee ID number and insurance information available when you register on the Ambry website.
- This testing program is available at no out-of-pocket cost to you because third party payors are billed. (Third party payors may include: Medicaid, Medicare, private health insurance plans, HRSA, CA DHCS and/or the Orange County Health Care Agency.)

II. Safety Measures and Facility Planning Questions

1. What is the County doing to protect its front-line employees who interact with the public and/or at-risk populations? (updated 7/5/21)

The County adheres to all Cal/OSHA COVID-19 Emergency Temporary Standards regarding workplace safety. The requirements for social distancing practices (in most circumstances) have ended. Further, each Agency in the County is required to have a Cal/OSHA COVID-19 Prevention Plan in place to protect employees. Preventative measures such as engineering controls, personal protective equipment, identification and correction of potential hazards, and communication regarding COVID-19 are addressed in the agency's specific plan.

At this time, the County will provide a face-covering and/or N95 mask (respirator) for voluntary use to any employee requesting one, regardless of vaccination status. An employee may wear a face-covering or respirator at work, regardless of vaccination status, without fear of retaliation. When receiving an N95 mask for voluntary use, an employee will receive instructions on how to properly fit the mask to their face. Instructions on how to properly fit the mask and information about voluntary use respirators are found in "Guide to Respiratory Protection at Work" at: https://www.ocgov.com/gov/ceo/covid19employeeinfo. All employees receiving an N95 mask for voluntary use must read this document.

Face coverings are not respiratory protective equipment. N95s and more protective respirators and protect the users from airborne disease while face coverings primarily protect people around the user.

The County has also decided to voluntarily keep previously installed protective barriers as an added measure of safety for its employees.

2. If an employee is 65 years of age or older or has an underlying medical condition that makes them at high risk for COVID-19, will they receive paid Administrative Leave? (updated 7/5/21)

No. Employees who are 65 years or older and/or have an underlying medical condition that makes them high risk should review the County's Public Health Officer's Orders "Strong Recommendations" for "Vulnerable Populations":

In general, the older a person is, the more health conditions a person has, and the more severe the conditions, the more important it is to take preventive measures for COVID-19 such as getting vaccinated, including boosters, social distancing and wearing a mask when around people who don't live in the same household, and practicing hand hygiene. For more information see https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/need-extra-precautions/people-with-medical-conditions.html.

For more, and any updated information, please review the OC Health Officer's Orders and Recommendations that can be found here: https://occovid19.ochealthinfo.com/article/oc-health-officers-orders-recommendations

3. Is the County working with my union regarding how COVID-19 is affecting employees? (updated 12/29/20)

Yes, as suggested by the Board of Supervisors, HR has been communicating with all unions and has established an Ad-Hoc committee to facilitate collaboration as we work through this critical time as a County family.

Union employee representatives are allowed and encouraged to participate in the identification and evaluation of COVID-19 hazards.

4. What should I do if the County building that I work in is closed? How will employees be returned to the workplace? (Updated 5/15/20)

In March 2020 decisions were made to close some County buildings to protect the public and employees. While public access to some buildings and services may continue to be limited, County departments managing a specific building or service may begin to reintroduce some or all employees to the workplace. While each department will have unique operational issues, departments have been provided with guidance for planning and returning employees to the workplace safely.

Review the guidance and suggestions provided to departments at the following link: https://www.ocgov.com/gov/ceo/covid19employeeinfo

5. Are masks and/or Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) necessary at work? (updated 4/27/22)

It depends where you work and the job you perform. The County adheres to all Cal/OSHA COVID-19 and California Department of Public Health standards regarding workplace safety. The requirements for social distancing practices and personal protective equipment (PPE) and/or masks under the Cal/OSHA COVID-19 Emergency Temporary Standards (in most circumstances) have ended.

Employees who work in the following settings must continue to wear a face covering even if they are fully vaccinated from COVID-19:

- Homeless shelters, Emergency shelters and cooling and heating centers
- <u>Healthcare settings</u> (applies to all healthcare settings, including those that are not covered by the <u>State Health Officer Order issued on July 26, 2021)</u>
- State and local correctional facilities and detention centers
- Long Term Care Settings & Adult and Senior Care Facilities

Please check with your supervisor or human resources representative if you have any questions regarding if you work in any of these settings.

Employees may choose to not to wear face coverings, except for certain situations such as during COVID-19 Cal/OSHA defined outbreaks and in settings where the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) requires all persons to wear them (see above).

Requirements regarding masks and PPE change. For the latest guidance, please refer to: <u>Guidance for Face Coverings (ca.gov)</u>

6. My department/facility/building is requiring employees to go through a temperature screening in order to enter the facility/building. What does this mean to me? (updated 12/29/20)

A symptom associated with COVID-19 is a temperature at or above 100.4 F or higher. In order to reduce the spread of COVID-19 and ensure a safe and healthy workplace for employees, some County facilities/buildings are requiring employees go through temperature screening in order to enter the facility/building. Temperature readings are considered confidential information and will only be shared with individuals that have a legitimate business-related need to know the reading.

An employee who refuses to go through temperature screening may not be allowed to work and required to post their own balances to cover their absence.

If an employee has a temperature at or above 100.4 or higher, they will not be permitted to work and encouraged to talk with their medical provider to determine when it is safe to return to work. The employee will be asked to voluntarily leave work and required to post their balances to cover the absence. If the employee does not voluntarily leave and disagrees with posting balances to cover the absence, the employee will have the opportunity to appeal the decision. If you have any questions, please contact your Department HR representative for more information. Contact information for your Department HR Team can be found here:

Employees are expected to self-screen daily prior to coming to work for elevated temperature and/or any of the symptoms associated with COVID-19 which include: fever of 100.4 degrees Fahrenheit or higher, chills, cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, fatigue, muscle or body aches, headache, new loss of taste or smell, sore throat, congestion or runny nose, nausea or vomiting, or diarrhea. If an employee is experiencing symptoms of COVID-19, the employee is expected to stay home and follow normal call-out procedures.

7. Where can I find a summary of County Safety Measures and Facility Planning?

Please view L&OD's video, "Welcome Back – Guidelines for Returning to the Office": https://youtu.be/eWFGOwU0QMc

The County's Risk Management Department has created "Aerosol Transmissible Diseases and COVID-19 General Awareness Training" which can be found at the following link:

https://rise.articulate.com/share/nlZn7kkAr-HQRKIuXVqy8DHNDdirGUuV

Additional plan details can be obtained through your Department's COVID-19 Prevention Plan.

8. I have been told that there is an "outbreak" in my work location. What does this mean? (updated 4/27/22)

Cal/OSHA has an Emergency Temporary Standards (ETS) for COVID-19 Prevention. Risk Management works with departments to support their compliance efforts with the ETS.

The Cal/OSHA ETS include provisions regarding the identification and response when there are multiple COVID-19 infections or "Outbreaks" in the workplace. These "multiple infections" or "outbreaks" are defined in the Cal-OSHA ETS as follows:

- Three or more COVID-19 cases in an exposed work group within a 14-day period.
- Twenty or more COVID-19 cases in an exposed work group within a 30-day period (referred to by the ETS as a 'major' COVID-19 outbreak).

These multiple infection and outbreak determinations are made in collaboration with the departments, Employee Health Services and Risk Management to identify relevant cases and exposed groups.

9. I have been notified that a COVID-19 outbreak occurred at my worksite. I have been offered to receive no cost COVID-19 testing and need to drive to the testing location during my normal working hours. Will I receive mileage to drive to/from the testing site and my worksite?

Yes. If an employee is provided a written notice of a COVID-19 outbreak at their worksite, the employee will receive instructions on how the County is offering a no cost testing option to them. If that testing option requires the employee to drive to a location to take the test, the employee may claim that mileage to/from the testing location and their normal worksite. Employees are to utilize the Job Number EOC20121 in tracking the mileage cost for COVID-19 Testing funding reimbursement. If an employee decides to utilize their own medical provider to take a COVID-19 test, the employee may not claim mileage for that testing.

10. I have been notified that a COVID-19 outbreak occurred at my worksite and I have been

offered to receive no cost COVID-19 testing. When I arranged for the testing/arrived to take the test, I was required to provide my medical insurance information. Will I be charged for the testing?

If an employee has been provided a written notice of a COVID-19 outbreak at their worksite, the employee will receive instructions on how the County is offering a no cost testing option to them. If an employee utilizes the County testing provider identified in the notice, the employee will be required to provide medical insurance information to take the test. The employee should not receive a bill for that test. However, if an employee receives a bill for the test, the employee will not be responsible for the bill. If an employee receives a bill for the test, the employee is to contact Employee benefits at c19testbilling@ocgov.com.

If an employee chooses to obtain a COVID-19 test through a medical provider of their choice instead of utilizing one of the County's offered no cost testing options, the employee may be responsible for any costs incurred for testing. It is strongly recommended that employees check with their medical insurance provider before obtaining a COVID-19 test.

11. I have been notified that a COVID-19 outbreak occurred at my worksite and I have been offered to receive COVID-19 testing. I recently tested positive for COVID-19 and have recovered. My supervisor has offered me a no cost testing option due to the COVID-19 outbreak. Do I need to take the COVID-19 test?

No. In accordance with Cal/OSHA COVID-19 regulations, the County is required to provide a no cost COVID-19 testing option to all employees that normally work in an area in which a COVID-19 outbreak has occurred. This testing option is required to be provided until the Cal/OSHA defined outbreak has ended. Based on Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and County Health Care Agency (HCA) guidelines:

- 1) Employees who have recovered and remain asymptomatic should not be retested per CDC guidelines.
- 2) People can test positive for up to 3 months, but not be infectious.
- 3) This also does not imply that they are immune to COVID-19.
- 4) If they become symptomatic again, they should seek medical attention and possibly get retested if recommended by a medical Provider.

Further information can be found at: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/duration-isolation.html

Return to Top

III. Workers' Compensation Questions

1. What should I do if I think I was exposed to COVID-19 at work? (updated 8/24/20)

An employee may report their concern to a supervisor and an injury or illness report (5020) will be filed. Supervisors and managers are also to file a 5020 when notified by EHS that an employee has been exposed to an individual diagnosed or likely to have COVID-19 in the workplace. This report will be deemed a record only. An exposure is not an injury or illness and a claim will not be filed. However, CEO-Risk Management will maintain the form on file in the event you as the employee test positive for the disease and believe it is work related.

2. Has the law regarding workers' compensation claims related to a diagnosis of COVID-19 changed? (Updated 9/29/20)

Governor Gavin Newsom issued an Executive Order dated May 6, 2020 which expanded the workers' compensation presumption to employees who reported to their place of employment between March 19, 2020 and July 5, 2020 and who tested positive for or were diagnosed with COVID-19 within the following 14 days during that time period. Effective September 17, 2020, Governor Newsom signed SB 1159 which codified the Executive Order and extended the rebuttable presumption that illness or death related to COVID-19 is an occupational injury and therefore eligible for benefits beyond July 6, 2020 for first responders and certain health care workers. For all other employees, the rebuttable presumption only applies under certain circumstances where there is a COVID-19 "outbreak" at the employee's specific workplace.

Review SB 1159 at the following link:

https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billTextClient.xhtml?bill id=201920200SB1159

3. I have been diagnosed or tested positive with COVID-19. Is it work related? (updated 9/29/20)

It is only work related if you believe that you contacted COVID-19 at work, you tested positive 14 days after you worked outside of the home at the County's direction from March 19, 2020 to January 1, 2023, and you file a Claim for Benefits. If you believe that you were not exposed to COVID-19 at work, do not file a claim. The County does have the right to investigate your claim and could delay your claim for up to 30 days while it is investigated.

4. I work from home, am I covered by the Governor's Executive Order and/or SB 1159? (updated 9/29/20)

No. Only employees required to work outside of the home at the County's direction are covered by the Governor's Executive Order and/or SB 1159. The order applies to work performed outside of the home from March 19, 2020 to January 1, 2023.

5. I have symptoms, but my doctor won't test me. Am I covered by the Governor's Executive Order and/or SB 1159? (updated 9/29/20)

Yes. All employees who work outside the home or at the employer's direction from March 19, 2020 to January 1, 2023 are covered by the Executive Order and/or SB 1159. If your doctor will not provide a test any licensed physician in the State of California can test including a workers' compensation doctor. The Executive Order and SB 1159 cover employees who test positive within 14 days after the employee worked outside of the home at the County's direction from March 19, 2020 to January 1, 2023, or after a diagnosis by a physician that is confirmed by testing within 30 days. This only applies during the stay-at-home period from March 19, 2020 to January 1, 2023

6. I am not considered an essential worker, am I still covered by the Governor's Executive Order and/or SB 1159? (updated 9/29/20)

Yes. Every employee that was required to come into work by the County outside their home from March 19, 2020 to January 1, 2023 is covered under the Governor's Executive Order and/or SB 1159.

7. What benefits am I entitled to if my injury is found to be work related?

The employee is entitled to all workers' compensation benefits provided in the California Labor Code including, but not limited to, total temporary disability benefits, permanent disability benefits and medical treatment as long as it is supported by medical evidence. Workers' Compensation will take into consideration any other benefits paid for COVID-19 time off including paid sick leave benefits for COVID-19 (EPSL).

8. How is temporary disability paid?

Temporary disability is paid every 14 days, however you must use Emergency Paid Sick Leave (EPSL), when available to employees, specifically for COVID-19 first. Once you exhaust any available EPSL hours, temporary disability or 4850 benefits can be paid if your illness extends beyond the 14 days.

9. What if I had COVID-19 and used my balances for my time away from work from March 19, 2020 to January 1, 2023? (updated 9/29/20)

The Executive Order and SB 1159 cover all employees who work outside the home from March 19, 2020 to January 1, 2023. You may be entitled to reimbursement, contact your Department's HR representative. Contact information for your Department HR Team can be found here:

Return to Top

IV. Time Sheet Coding and Leave Usage Questions

1. Does an employee have to use leave balances if they are compelled to leave work due to symptoms of COVID-19 or being in a high-risk category?

No. An employee may choose to either use leave balances or take unpaid leave. However, if an employee chooses unpaid status, they may be responsible for both the County and the employee's share of medical benefits.

2. What if an employee compelled to leave work is out of leave balances? (updated 4/20/20)

Legally, the County can require an employee to leave work and go unpaid, but the employee would likely be entitled to an appeal. The employee should be encouraged to telecommute if operationally feasible and the employee is well enough. If telecommuting is not an option, they can be advanced up to 80 hours of additional sick/healthcare leave to use for this purpose.

Please see further "Leave Usage Questions" for information about additional leaves an employee may qualify for if absences are for a qualifying reason related to COVID-19.

3. If an employee must be absent from work due to a COVID-19 related issue (e.g. school closure, illness, suspected illness, etc.), how do they code the time on their timesheet? (updated 4/27/22)

On February 9, 2022, Governor Newsom signed a new Supplemental Paid Sick Leave bill (SB 114) into law, which becomes effective on **February 19, 2022**. The new law and leave associated with it will expire on September 30, 2022. SB114 provides employees up to 80 hours of sick leave. SB 114 replaces the County's existing COVID Leave program that began in January 2022. Any hours used under the County's program counts toward the maximum hours allowed under the new law. An employee may request a retroactive adjustment of the COVID-19 Paid Sick Leave hours used where appropriate effective January 1, 2022.

Under the new law, full-time employees may <u>use up to 40 hours</u> of COVID-19 Paid Sick Leave (EPSL) when they are unable to work or telework and have one of the qualifying COVID-19 reasons below:

- <u>Caring for Yourself</u>: The covered employee is subject to a quarantine or isolation period related to COVID-19 or has been advised by a healthcare provider to quarantine due to COVID-19, or is experiencing symptoms of COVID-19 and seeking a medical diagnosis.
- <u>Caring for a Family Member</u>: The covered employee is caring for a family member who is either subject to a quarantine or isolation period related to COVID-19 or has been advised by a healthcare provider to quarantine due to COVID-19, or the employee is caring for a child whose school or place of care is closed or unavailable due to COVID-19 on the premises.
- <u>Vaccine-Related</u>: The covered employee or a qualifying family member is attending a vaccine
 appointment or cannot work or telework due to vaccine-related side effects. (May require
 medical certification to exceed 24 hours of leave used per episode based on operational needs
 of your department).

Full-Time employees may also use <u>up to 40 hours</u> of COVID-19 Paid Sick Leave (SPSL) specifically when they are unable to work or telework for the following COVID-19 reason:

• <u>COVID-19 Positive</u>: The covered employee has tested positive for COVID-19 or is caring for a family member who has tested positive for COVID-19. The covered employee will be required to provide proof of a positive COVID-19 test for them self or their family member in order to use this bucket of leave hours. In addition, an employee using COVID-19 Paid Sick Leave for this purpose may be required to provide proof of a 2nd COVID-19 positive test on day 5 in order to continue qualifying for this leave).

For Part-Time employees, COVID-19 Paid Sick Leave hours will be determined through a calculation process based on their work hours.

Employees may request the use of COVID-19 Paid Sick Leave by completing one of the Certification Forms for EPSL and submitting it to their department's Human Resources representative. The Pay Codes to post COVID-19 Paid Sick Leave are based on the qualifying reason for the absence and are noted on the Certification Forms.

Please contact your department's Human Resources representative if you have any questions regarding COVID-19 Paid Sick Leave.

The forms are located at:

https://www.ocgov.com/gov/ceo/covid19employeeinfo

Employees can then use their sick/healthcare leave balances until they are exhausted. This applies to all employees including those with annual leave balances. Once sick/healthcare leave is exhausted the employee will code any absence per the terms of the applicable Memorandum of Understanding. If an employee exhausts all balances, they can be advanced up to 80 hours of additional sick/healthcare leave for this purpose. An employee may be entitled to paid leave if compelled by direction of a County-designated physician to be absent from work due to an on-the-job exposure to a contagious disease. Please contact your Department HR representative for more information. Contact information for your Department HR Team can be found here:

- X. Human Resources Contact List by Department
- 4. What if the employee who is not compelled to leave but opts to leave work due to COVID-19 related issues (e.g. without symptoms but high risk) is out of leave balances?

Legally, the County can require an employee to go unpaid, but this employee should also be offered the opportunity to telecommute if operationally feasible and they are well enough. If telecommuting is not an option, they can be advanced up to 80 hours of additional sick/healthcare leave for this purpose.

5. What kind of due process is required for employees who are compelled to leave work and use their leave balances?

Regular employees who are required to use their leave balances should be offered the opportunity to meet with designated personnel via telephone or video conference or provide a written response within a reasonable time after they have left the workplace if they disagree with the decision. This meeting would be similar to a *Skelly* hearing, during which the employee may present any relevant information in support of their position. Department HR will assist with this process. Contact information for your Department HR Team can be found here:

6. What if my child's school is conducting some or all of the school week remotely or childcare provider is fully or partially closed? (updated 4/27/22)

Under the new law, full-time employees may use up to 40 hours of COVID-19 Paid Sick Leave when they are unable to work or telework when Caring for a Family Member. Caring for a Family Member includes an employee caring for a child whose school or place of care is closed or unavailable due to COVID-19 on the premises.

Employees may request the use of EPSL by completing an "Emergency Paid Sick Leave Certification" or "Emergency Paid Sick Leave School/Daycare Closure Certification" Form and submit it to their department's human resources representative. The forms are located at: https://www.ocgov.com/gov/ceo/covid19employeeinfo

7. How do employees code absences that are a result of COVID-19? (updated 12/29/20)

Additional Pay Codes have been created pertaining to COVID-19 absences. Previously created "CV*" codes can be used in the order listed below. These codes were created for employees to use for COVID-19 related absence (e.g. school or childcare closure, caring for a family member with COVID-19, self or mandated quarantine, suspected or confirmed COVID-19 illness).

For Regular employees:

Pay Code Title	Pay Code	Definition
Emergency Paid Sick Leave	EPSL	Up to 40 hours of paid sick leave may be taken when an employee is unable to telecommute and is caring for themselves, for others or vaccine related and cannot work or telework. Part-time employee allotment of hours will be pro-rated based on their regular schedule.
		EPSL balances will be reflected on all employees pay stubs, but may only be used after employee eligibility for leave and qualifying reason have been determined.
		This current approved use of EPSL is effective from December 31, 2021 to September 30, 2022.

Emergency Paid Sick Leave - SPSL	SPSL	Up to 40 hours of paid sick leave may be taken when an employee is unable to telecommute and is COVID-19 positive or taking care of a family member who is COVID-19 positive. Part-time employee allotment of hours will be pro-rated based on their regular schedule.
		SPSL balances will be reflected on all employees pay stubs but may only be used after employee eligibility for leave and qualifying reason have been determined.
		The current approved use of SPSL is effective from December 31, 2021, to September 30, 2022.
Coronavirus Sick Leave/ Healthcare Leave	CVSP	This may be used for Coronavirus absences even if an employee has Annual Leave balances. May be posted until an employee reaches zero balance and then all other leave balances must be posted prior to posting up to 80 hours of advanced Sick Leave/Healthcare Leave Balances.
Coronavirus Annual Leave	CVAL	if applicable
Coronavirus Vacation	CVVAC	if applicable
Coronavirus PIP Time	CVPIP	if applicable
Coronavirus Comp Time	CVCT	if applicable

The CVSP Pay Code may be used for Coronavirus absences even if a regular employee has Annual Leave balances. Upon reaching a zero Sick Leave/Healthcare Leave balance, an employee must exhaust all other accrued balances (CVAL, CVVAC, CVPIP, CVCT) and EPSL prior to posting up to 80 hours of advanced Sick Leave/Healthcare Leave Balances. NOTE: The hours are advanced as needed, up to the maximum of 80 hours.

Employees do not need to submit a written request for the 80 hours of advance Sick Leave/Healthcare Leave Balances. Employees will simply use the CVSP Pay Code on their timecard as long as it complies with the above guidelines. Future Sick Leave/Healthcare Leave accruals will be used to replenish the advancement of Sick/Healthcare Leave hours.

Job Injury – Contagious Disease Leave	JI	This pay code may be used when an employee is compelled by direction of a County-designated physician to be absent from duty due to an on-the-job exposure to a contagious disease (not applicable to AOCDS PO/SP bargaining unit).
		Not to exceed 80 working hours for a full-time employee or fourteen (14) calendar days for a part-time employee.

Please contact your HR representative to determine when it is applicable to post JI on a timesheet.

Pre-planned vacation time or time off for illnesses unrelated to COVID-19 should be coded as described in the applicable Memorandum of Understanding.

For Extra Help employees:

Pay Code Title	Pay Code	Definition
Emergency Paid Sick Leave	EEPSL	Up to 40 hours of paid sick leave (based on the regular hours regularly scheduled or average hours worked per pay period) may be taken when an employee is unable to telecommute and is quarantined, seeking a COVID-19 diagnosis, caring for someone quarantined, caring for a child whose school or child-care facility is closed, attending a vaccine appointment or cannot work or telework due to vaccine-related symptoms. This use of EEPSL is effective from December 31, 2021 to September 30, 2022.
Coronavirus Extra Help Sick Leave/Healthcare Leave	CVEHS	This pay code may be used to post all accrued Sick Leave/Healthcare Leave balances accrued for Coronavirus absences.

If an Extra Help employee does not have any leave balances or exhausts all their Sick Leave/Healthcare Leave balances, employees may be advanced up to 24 hours of additional Sick Leave/Healthcare Leave. Employees will use the CVEHS Pay Code to post the additional 24 hours. Future Sick Leave/Healthcare Leave accruals will be used to replenish the advancement of hours.

8. Can I request Catastrophic Leave donations if I have exhausted all paid leave and still must be off work due to a school or childcare closure? (updated 7/5/21)

You may qualify to request a Catastrophic Leave donation drive due to "other serious circumstances" if you will be off work for more than 14 days after you have exhausted all paid leave balances, including all Emergency Paid Sick Leave and have used 80 hours of advanced Sick/Healthcare Leave. Requests for Catastrophic Leave drive due to "other serious circumstances" will be governed by the County of Orange "Catastrophic Leave Procedures" found at:

https://ocgov.sharepoint.com/sites/HRS/Collaborations/hrs_pol_proc_wg/Policies%20%20Procedure/Catastrophic%20Leave%20Procedures.pdf#search=Catastrophic%20Leave

Catastrophic leaves in this category are considered taxable for the donor by the IRS.

9. How should overtime (OT) worked in response to COVID-19 be posted for non-management employees?

Overtime worked in response to the COVID-19 crisis should be posted to time sheets using one of the COVID-19 emergency job codes created by their department along with the OTPD pay code. The OTPD pay code will automatically pay out overtime. The direct payment of overtime worked, rather than the placement of time into a comp time bank, will allow the County to seek reimbursement through the Federal CARES Act.

V. Disaster Services Worker Questions

1. As a County employee what are my responsibilities now?

On February 26, 2020, the Orange County Board of Supervisors declared a local health emergency. Pursuant to Government Code § 3100 and Orange County Codified Ordinance § 3-1-6(b)(3), all County employees are considered disaster workers and are subject to such disaster services as may be assigned to them by their superiors or by law.

In this time of emergency, the citizens of Orange County are counting on all of us to help them through this crisis. It is important that we all take individual responsibility to perform our current assignments as directed by our supervisors and be ready to support the completion of an emergency-related task if asked by our supervisor to do so. As we complete our work, we should all support each other and communicate any hazardous situations to ensure our safety.

2. What is the DSW Program?

State law and the County of Orange (County) Policy establish that all public employees, including County employees, are DSWs. In addition, the Orange County Code permits the County to mobilize its workforce to provide emergency services in the event of an emergency. The DSW Program facilitates deployment of public employees to perform activities outside of their regular employment to promote the protection of lives or mitigate the effects of a disaster. The DSW designation is important not only to help mobilize the County workforce to respond to an emergency, but because it also allows the County to comply with State and Federal emergency management guidelines and allows for future Federal emergency management funding.

3. What does the County consider when creating DSW assignments?

The County's DSW needs during a disaster are generally dictated by the impact of the emergency. There are two DSW duty categories: General (e.g. administrative, support staff, fiscal or logistics) and Specialized (e.g. something that requires a specialized license, experience or training). Where possible and as needed, the County will assign employees to a DSW position that most closely aligns with their customary job duties or skill sets. Depending on the emergency, employees will also be directed to work in assignments that may be different from their usual and customary duties and may also be in different locations throughout the County. DSWs will be provided with adequate, on-site, or "just-in-time" training to ensure they can complete their assigned duties safely and effectively. Employees who currently work in classifications with verifiable, certified skills will be expected to fulfill specialized DSW duties or in support of essential functions throughout the County.

4. How are Disaster Service Worker assignments determined?

The County's DSW needs during a disaster are generally dictated by the impact of the emergency. When the Board of Supervisors declares an emergency, the County Emergency Operations Center (EOC) is activated. Departments that provide critical services in responding to the emergency may need additional resources to provide emergency services and request DSW support through the EOC. The EOC will work with the requesting department to determine staffing needs, and either the department or HR then secures County DSWs to support the need and provides a list to EOC. EOC then gives that list to the requesting department so it can carry out its mission with the additional DSW resources. The department or agency that requested the DSW support becomes responsible for managing the DSWs assigned to support its mission.

5. What are some examples of DSW assignments in the County of Orange?

Examples of DSW responsibilities related to the COVID-19 crisis may include: Registering or assisting people at a housing shelter; translating for non-English-speaking individuals; answering phones for a COVID-19 hotline; helping to operate temporary facilities; delivering or serving meals, etc.

6. Who can be a DSW? Which authorities designate County employees as DSWs?

Pursuant to Government Code § 3100, all public employees are declared to be disaster services workers and are subject to such disaster service activities that may be assigned to them by their superiors or by law. Under the Government Code County employees are obligated to perform disaster service duties if ordered as a result of an emergency or a disaster event. A disaster event could be any emergency situation that stems from natural, human-made, or terrorism events. County employees may not opt out of DSW participation.

Additionally, Orange County Codified Ordinance § 3-1-6(b)(3) provides that the County, through its Director of Emergency Services, is empowered to require emergency services of any County officer or employee.

As DSWs, employees will perform duties that may be different from their regular work assignments and may also be assigned to different work locations. Any public employee can be considered a DSW and may be directed to perform emergency services as required under State and local law.

7. Can Departments request "first takers" for available DSW assignments?

When a DSW need is communicated, employees may, and are encouraged to, come forward to take an assignment. However, doing so does NOT mean the DSW position is a "volunteer" assignment that can be worked and/or terminated at an employee's choice. If departments choose to solicit "first takers" rather than make assignments, the department must ensure that the employee is ready and able to be deployed to the emergency assignment.

8. What if Departments seek "first takers" for DSW assignments and get no response?

Given the emergency need, the County's expectation is that departments will affirmatively assign employees to DSW posts until the need is met. Department Heads have the ultimate authority to make work reassignments as needed. In an emergency, public employees may be released from their usual duties so that they can be assigned to assist any agency or organization carrying out its emergency response duties.

9. How should a DSW assignment be communicated to an employee?

Employees may be given verbal or written direction to report to a DSW assignment; however, if practicable employees should be given formal notice acknowledging the assignment. These notices may be issued by the department, assigned project managers, EOC Management or HRS.

COVID-19: Disaster Service Worker Reassignment templates are available through your Department HR representative. If issued, a copy of this notice should be retained in the employee's personnel file. Contact information for your Department HR Team can be found here:

HRS and/or the EOC will also contact assigned employees directly to provide assignment details and reporting instructions.

10. Can an employee refuse to take a DSW assignment?

All County employees are designated by State law as DSWs and are expected to report to duty when called upon. If an employee is assigned and otherwise available but refuses to accept a DSW assignment, the department should meet with the employee to address any concerns about the assignment. If an employee identifies work restrictions that prevent DSW service, that issue must be managed as any other work restriction, including holding an Interactive Process Meeting if necessary. If the employee is unable to work the assignment, the department should consider whether there is an alternate and more appropriate assignment. If the employee is deemed able to work the assignment but continues to refuse, the department should issue the employee a direct order in writing. The direct order should inform the employee of the department's expectations and consequences should they fail to adhere to the order. If the employee does not adhere to the order, the department may take further administrative action.

11. Are Departments responsible for managing their employees assigned as DSWs?

When assigned to an emergency assignment, the site manager will have primary responsibility for managing and monitoring each of their assigned DSWs. Departments will remain responsible for administrative responsibilities associated with their employee, including but not limited to the processing of timesheets and any possible workers' compensation claims. Communication about a DSW's assignment should be directly between the employee's home department and the DSW assignment site/department. However, HRS remains available to help resolve any HR-related issues.

12. Are employees compensated for time over their regular hours?

Overtime and other compensation are provided in accordance with established law, MOUs and County policy.

13. How should employees code DSW work time?

A project code is assigned to each emergency event by the County Emergency Operations Center (EOC). Task orders will be determined by each department based on the task to which the employee(s) are assigned. It is possible that a given department will generate multiple task codes per each project code established by the EOC. Department administration teams will determine task codes as needed. The EOC finance section will be able to provide guidance to departments on DSW work time coding.

14. Will DSWs remain on their assigned work schedules?

Assignment managers will make every effort to keep employees on their current work schedules or shifts. Decisions whether employees will be required to alter existing schedules, work weekends, overtime or evenings will depend on the nature of the assignment.

15. Should work restrictions be considered when reassigning an employee as a DSW?

When Departments are provided descriptions of emergency assignments requiring DSWs, they should consider the appropriateness of the assignment for its employees. If there are any questions regarding the expectations of an assignment or whether an employee is appropriate for a particular emergency position, the Department should contact HR for additional guidance.

16. What if an employee is injured or becomes ill while performing DSW duties?

Claims sustained by public employees while performing disaster services shall be filed as workers' compensation claims under the same authorities and guidelines as with all County employees within their Department or agency.

17. Who should I contact with additional questions about DSW assignments?

For additional questions, please contact your supervisor or Department HR representative. Contact information for your Department HR Team can be found here:

18. When an employee is deployed as a DSW to fill an evening/night shift, are staff eligible for night shift differential pay, based on their respective MOUs?

If an employee is scheduled and works a day shift but is required to extend their shift into the evening as Overtime the employee would not be eligible for Night Shift premium pay. If an employee is normally scheduled to work a day shift but has been scheduled to work an alternate shift that qualifies for Night Shift premium, the employee should post and be paid Night Shift premium.

19. Are there any circumstances that allows Disaster Services Workers (DSW's) to claim travel time to the deployment location as working hours?

If the deployment is Overtime on a day that they are not normally scheduled to work the DSW would be eligible for pay for travel time to their first work location.

Example: Employee works Monday through Friday at 800 N. Eckhoff St. in Orange. The employee is being deployed to Joplin in Silverado Canyon to work an Overtime shift on a Saturday. Employee's paid time includes the travel time from their home to Joplin and travel home in addition to their scheduled shift.

20. How are DSWs to claim mileage reimbursement if they are using their personal vehicles and reporting to locations that are different than their regularly assigned work location?

As outlined in the County Business Travel and Meeting Policy, employees who are being deployed as DSWs can claim the difference in their mileage between their normal 'home to work mileage' and their 'home to deployment site mileage' while during their assigned shift. If, however, the deployment is Overtime on a day they are not scheduled to work, they can claim the whole mileage from home to deployment site.

Employees who are reassigned to a new work location on an on-going basis may not claim the difference in mileage.

Example: Employee is being deployed to Joplin in Silverado Canyon. Employee normally drives 10 miles to work every day, however, Joplin is 30 miles. The employee can claim 20 miles that day for the trip to the location and 20 miles for the trip home.

Example: Employee is being deployed to Joplin in Silverado Canyon to work Overtime on a regular day off. Employee normally drives 10 miles to work every day, however, Joplin is 30 miles. The employee can claim the 30 miles each way because the employee is working Overtime.

Return to Top

VI. Telecommuting Resources/Learning & Organizational Development Questions

1. How is it determined when an employee is authorized to telecommute?

When the pandemic started, the County implemented an emergency telecommuting plan allowing employees to work from home when operationally feasible and some County buildings were closed.

As safety measures were developed and implemented per Cal/OSHA COVID-19 Emergency Temporary Standards (ETS), and vaccinations were made available, many employees were required to return to working back in County buildings. Emergency use of telecommuting may continue to be used

as a safety measure during the current and any future COVID-19 surges, or when multiple-cases of COVID-19 are identified in a given workplace in accordance with the Cal/OSHA COVID-19 ETS.

Because of the wide range of work performed and services provided by County employees, not every employee will have the opportunity to telecommute. Please talk with your supervisor or manager to determine if telecommuting is available to you.

2. How do I track my timesheet if I am teleworking and get ill or have childcare issues?

If you are unable to work all your scheduled hours, it is important to accurately utilize leave balances in accordance with your designated Memorandum of Understanding and/or related policies for the remainder of the day.

3. How will I submit my time each pay period if I am telecommuting or out of the office?

Employees who are able to connect to County servers via VPN should be able to access VTI to enter their time. Employees who are out of the office and do not have access to VTI should communicate their timesheet information to a supervisor or manager who will be responsible for ensuring timesheets are submitted. Each department is responsible for setting deadlines for timesheet submission.

4. What expenses will the County be reimbursing employees for while they are telecommuting? (updated 12/29/20)

In general, the County will not reimburse employees for expenses incurred as a result of telecommuting (e.g. telephone, electricity, internet access) but employees should check their Department's telecommuting agreement and policies for specific inquiries. Employees who are voluntarily telecommuting are expected to have a safe area to work in their home and to provide their own ergonomic equipment if required. Employees should discuss individual questions and needs regarding telecommuting with their Department.

5. Is there an end date for my authorization to telecommute? (updated 7/5/21)

It is each Department Head's responsibility to implement plans that meet the operational needs of their department. When implementing the "new normal" of conducting County business, it may be necessary to have employees return to the workplace who have been given the option to telecommute during the current pandemic.

Telecommuting remains strongly recommended for employees that are able to perform their essential job duties from home for the near future as we all continue to navigate through the COVID-19 pandemic. Departments will evaluate work demands and it is understood that telecommuting will not work in several areas of County services. While the dates for the return of employees to the workplace will vary by department, planning for the return process is in progress, and many employees have returned to the office. Employees who are currently telecommuting are encouraged to contact their supervisors or managers with questions about continued telecommuting.

6. How can my supervisor and I ensure that we continue to communicate well and that I understand their expectations in a telecommuting environment? (updated 12/29/20)

COVID-19 has significantly changed our work environment, whether it is working from home or in the office with fewer people. HRS Learning and Organizational Development (L&OD) has created numerous resources including a full playlist on "Telecommuting: Resources to Make it Work" which is available in your Learner Home page that you can access from any computer at: Last Updated 4/27/22

Page 31 of 36

https://ocgov.csod.com/ These materials are also helpful for co-located teams. They provide easy-to-use tools and tips to ensure teams stay connected and focused on heading forward together.

Return to Top

VII. Benefits Questions

1. Are services available to employees to help them cope with concerns related to COVID-19?

Yes. The County offers the Employee Assistance Program (EAP). EAP can be contacted at 1-800-221-0945 or online at www.resourcesforliving.com, Username: Orange County ca, Password: eap.

The Employee Health webpage at www.ochealthinfo.com/ehs includes resources, and the OC Healthy Steps website has a variety of resources at: https://hrs.ocgov.com/page/employee-assistance-program.

The County Wellness Center website has been updated to reflect many virtual wellness resources: https://countywellnesscenter.weebly.com/.

2. Where can I get more information about resources and updates to my Benefits resulting from the COVID-19 crisis?

Employee Benefits has created a web page with resources and updates for employees. This page will be updated frequently as new resources become available. Visit the Employee Benefits and Resources related to COVID-19 page at:

https://hrs.ocgov.com/employee-benefits/benefits-active-employees/covid-info-and-resources.

3. How can I make changes to my Dependent Care Reimbursement Account (DCRA) because my DCRA needs have changed due to COVID-19 school and daycare closures? (updated 1/13/22)

If you are currently enrolled in a pre-tax Dependent Care Reimbursement Account (DCRA), you may be eligible to change your DCRA goal amount or drop your DCRA election for the rest of the year. If you want to make a change to or drop your current DCRA election, you have 30 days from the announced closure or change to adjust your Dependent Care Reimbursement elections. For example, if your school district or childcare provider notified you on January 4, 2022 of a long-term closure, closures due to Governor Newsom's order, then you would have 30 days, or until February 2, 2022 to call and make a change to your DCRA election for 2022. If you want to make a change or cancel, call the County of Orange Benefits Center at 833-476-2347. Tell the Benefits Specialist that you have had a Qualifying Life Event/Dependent Care Change and that you would like to change or drop your annual DCRA election.

You will be able to re-enroll in DCRA or change your goal amount again when your schools and day care programs re-open later this year as long as you call to make the change within 30 days of your school or day care program re-opening. Please note the IRS rules for DCRA funds have not changed. Unused funds will not roll over and can be used for the 2022 plan year only.

4. Are there new options available to access my Defined Contribution 457 or 401a Plan

account funds due to the COVID-19 crisis? (updated 12/29/20)

Yes. The CARES Act signed into law on March 27, 2020 provided special loan provisions, current loan payment deferral options, and special in-service distribution rules. For more information see the detailed FAQ on the COVID-19 Information and Resources page on the Employee Benefits website at: https://hrs.ocgov.com/employee-benefits/benefits-active-employees/covid-info-and-resources or contact Empower at (866) 457-2254. Please note that the deadline to enter into loans permitted under the CARES Act expired on September 22, 2020. The CARES Act also provided provisions related to loan payment deferrals, special in-service distribution rules, and waivers of required minimum distributions. The new COVID-19 relief bill passed by Congress on December 22, 2020 did not include extensions of these CARES Act provisions beyond the original expiration dates.

Return to Top

VIII. Vaccination Questions

1. I do not want to receive the COVID-19 vaccination/booster. Do I need to get it to keep my job with the County?

It depends where you work and the job you perform. The California Department of Public Health has issued several State Public Health Officer's Orders requiring some employee to be fully vaccinated and/or boosted from COVID-19. Health Orders are subject to change at any time. State Public Health Orders can be found here:

https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/Guidance.aspx

The County monitors health orders issued by the state and local health officer and notifies employees when they are subject to any of the orders. Employees' adherence to all state or local health orders is mandatory, and failing to comply without good reason, could subject an employee to disciplinary action, up to and including, discharge from employment.

2. What do I do if I hear an employee voluntarily disclosing that they are not vaccinated and I observe they are not wearing a face-covering at work? (updated 4/26/22)

The requirements for social distancing practices and personal protective equipment (PPE) and/or masks under the Cal/OSHA COVID-19 Emergency Temporary Standards (in most circumstances) have ended.

Employees who work in the following settings must continue to wear a face covering even if they are fully vaccinated from COVID-19:

- Homeless shelters, <u>Emergency shelters</u> and <u>cooling and heating centers</u>
- Healthcare settings (applies to all healthcare settings, including those that are not covered by the <u>State Health Officer Order issued on July 26, 2021)</u>
- State and local correctional facilities and detention centers
- Long Term Care Settings & Adult and Senior Care Facilities

Employees may choose to not to wear face coverings, except for certain situations such as during COVID-19 Cal/OSHA defined outbreaks and in settings where the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) requires all persons to wear them (see above).

State and local orders regarding the required use of face coverings continues to change. Please check with your supervisor or human resources representative if you have any questions the use of face-coverings in the workplace.

3. Can I get the COVID-19 vaccine/booster on County time and be compensated for mileage if I have to drive to the vaccination site? (updated 7/5/21)

The 2022 Emergency Paid Sick Leave (EPSL) program for County employees allows for employees to use up to 40 hours of paid sick leave for qualifying COVID-19 related absences. This use of **EPSL** is effective from December 31, 2021 to September 30,, 2022 Employees may use EPSL when they are unable to work or telework and have qualifying reasons for such leave, including:

• <u>Vaccine-Related/Booster-Related: The covered employee is attending a vaccine/booster appointment or cannot work or telework due to vaccine-related/booster-related symptoms.</u>

Employees may request the use of EPSL by completing an "Emergency Paid Sick Leave Certification" or "Emergency Paid Sick Leave School/Daycare Closure Certification" Form and submit it to their department's human resources representative. The forms are located at:

https://www.ocgov.com/gov/ceo/covid19employeeinfo

The County is not compensating employees for mileage to receive COVID-19 vaccination.

4. I am fully vaccinated from COVID-19. Do I still have to wear a face-covering, maintain social distancing, and adhere to all other COVID-19 safety measures at work?

It depends where you work and the job you perform. The County adheres to all Cal/OSHA COVID-19 standards regarding workplace safety.

Employees who work in the following settings must continue to wear a face covering even if they are fully vaccinated from COVID-19:

- Homeless shelters, Emergency shelters and cooling and heating centers
- Healthcare settings (applies to all healthcare settings, including those that are not covered by the State Health Officer Order issued on July 26, 2021)*
- State and local correctional facilities and detention centers
- Long Term Care Settings & Adult and Senior Care Facilities

Please check with your supervisor or human resources representative if you have any questions regarding if you work in any of these settings.

Employees may choose to not to wear face coverings, except for certain situations such as during COVID-19 Cal/OSHA defined outbreaks and in settings where the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) requires all persons to wear them (see above).

5. How should I respond if another employee or a supervisor asks me whether I have been vaccinated?

A person's vaccination status is considered private medical information and should not be discussed in the workplace. Please inform the individual asking you that it is confidential medical information. If you are being questioned about your vaccination status, please contact the County Equal Employment Opportunity Office at: (855) 387-4432 or EEO.Support@ocgov.com or your Human Resources Representative.

6. What should I do if am questioned about my religious beliefs, or hear other employee's talking about a coworker's religious beliefs, related to their vaccination status?

Religious beliefs and vaccination status are not to be discussed in the workplace. Please inform the induvial asking your that religious beliefs and vaccination status are not to be discussed in the workplace. Please contact the County Equal Employment Opportunity Office at: (855) 387-4432 or EEO.Support@ocgov.com or your Human Resources Representative and report the situation.

7. What do I do if an employee complains that the vaccine received by a coworker (or me) is not as effective as the brand they received themselves?

A person's vaccination status is considered private medical information and should not be discussed in the workplace. Please inform the individual talking with you that vaccination status is not to be discussed in the workplace. Please contact the County Equal Employment Opportunity Office at: (855) 387-4432 or EEO.Support@ocgov.com or your Human Resources Representative and report the situation.

Return to Top

IX. Additional Resources

For more information from the County's Public Health website regarding the Current County Health Officer Orders and Strong Recommendations, please visit:

https://occovid19.ochealthinfo.com/article/oc-health-officers-orders-recommendations

For more information from the County's Public Health website regarding COVID-19, please visit: <a href="https://www.ochealthinfo.com/phs/about/epidasmt/epid

For more information on Essential Critical Infrastructure Workers Guidance (March 20, 2020): https://covid19.ca.gov/img/EssentialCriticalInfrastructureWorkers.pdf

For more information regarding California Department of Health and State Public Health Officer's Orders, please visit:

https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/Guidance.aspx

Return to Top

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Auditor-Controller/Clerk-Recorder

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Erika Hinojosa

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CEO-IT

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CSS HR Reception

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Diane Greek (temp)

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Office Email: returntowork.prob.ocgov.com

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John Wayne Airport

Paul Wright

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Return to Top